The clubhouse of the Girls' Mutual Benefit club is at 531 West Superior street and is in good financial condition so far as its running expenses are concerned. It is self supporting, although the fees are so small, the initiation fee being 25 cents and the dues 5 cents a week. The membership numbers about 225, and includes a number of the leisure class besides a large number of self supporting young women.

The club was organized in 1890 by six young women who recognized the fact that a home of luxury was the fate of comparatively few, and who longed to divide the favors fortune had bestowed upon them with their less fortunate sisters. They had worked together for some time in the Ashland circle of King's Daughters, but the club was not in any way under the auspices of the King's Daughters. Alice Cary Burkhardt, one of the founders, is president of the club.

After the regular classes were established Saturday evening was set aside for socials and lectures, the latter on history, hygiene, Delsarte, general care of the health and other interesting sub-

A library was started at once, and that, together with the games and music for those who do not wish to join the classes, helps to make the evenings spent in the clubhouse both profitable and pleasant.

The expenses were defrayed at first by the proceeds of a concert, which made a nest egg of \$268 to start on. But the club very soon outgrew its small quarters, and it was decided best to build. About \$1,500 was raised by subscriptions, entertainments and bazaars, which paid for the lot at 531 West Superior street, upon which a



ALICE CARY BURKHARDT. handsome and commodious clubhouse was built which cost \$7,000, \$500 being paid each year on the indebtedness. This amount is raised by outside subscription, entertainments, etc. They still owe \$3,000.

The house was dedicated amid great enthusiasm and has drawn an immense membership from that vicinity. It is finished admirably and furnished for the special needs of the organization. On the ground floor are the rooms occupied by the janitor and his wife, the matron, and consist of a little five room flat. The bathrooms, which are always open for the use of the members, are also on this floor, as well as the furnace and storage rooms. On the second floor are the offices, library, two large reception rooms and a well appointed kitchen where the cooking lessons take place and which, as furnished, is a model kitchen in every sense of the term. The third floor is divided into a large auditorium and two music rooms in

The entire house has hard finished floors, and the rooms, with the exception of the large auditorium, are furnished with rugs. All the furniture except the auditorium folding chairs was donated by friends of the institution. This is probably as attractive a clubhouse as there is in the city, especially when it is taken into consideration that it is managed entirely by girls. These young women say the organization is what its name indicates-delightfully mutual in its benefits. The members of the leisure class have time and ways to plan and to work for the support of the club outside the club's own limits. The wageworkers do their part in dues and are always ready to engage in entertainments, for which they pay a regular admission price as a help to the revenue of the club. It is impossible to estimate the value to the leisure class of the lessons which they learn of the girls and young women who every day glean experience in the business world. These industrial members are bright examples of patience and perseverance.

The classes are all free, with one exception, and the fee for that one is only 10 cents, the charge being made on account of necessary expense involved. The other classes are carried on by 24 volunteer teachers, who aim to make their instruction as practical as possible. For the dressmaking class a sewing machine has been given, so that nothing is left out of the fullest instruction necessary to cut, fit and make complete anything in a girl's wardrobe. The cooking classes are especially interesting, the theory being followed by practice and illustration in the shape of a

This institution is not for the so called "submerged tenth"-does not aim at civilizing, but Americanizing. This district being composed entirely of foreigners of the poor but thrifty class and speaking their native languages in their homes, it is hard to get at the heads of the families, as they stay at home so entirely that many of the women do not understand the English language at all. It has been the desire of the club to club of the century." It is a long time and take no other.

plub is hampered by the linguistic fact above referred to .- Chicago Tribune.

The Majority Petition.

Martha R. Almy of Jamestown, N. Y., when asked her views on the "majority petition," in a manner positive and firm replied:

"From the time when Margaret Brent asked to vote in the Maryland assembly. Jan. 21, 1647-8, to the present day the women of America have been asking for a voice in government. When all legitimate arguments against the granting of their reasonable requests have failed, they have been met with the be conferred upon them.

"Since the right of petition is the only political right which a disfranchised class enjoys the inference is that the prerequisite to enfranchisement should be a petition signed by a major-

ity of all the women of the state. "I deny the right of any person or power to demand such a test as a majority petition. The declaration of independence does not say, We hold these truths to be self evident, that when all men, or a majority of them, shall ask for their inalienable rights they shall receive them. It says that all men are created equal and endowed by their and that to secure these rights governments are instituted.

"If this time honored instrument sets forth any one supreme proposition of first, but even she has joined the proceswhich all others are but corollaries, it sion now, and all who wear the sensible is the statement that governments are clothing have the satisfaction of knowinstituted to secure rights.

"The theory seems to be growing alarmingly prevalent in these latter days that the government should confer rights, and that only when the demand is so strong that it can no longer safely withhold them. If this be true, Columbia is no better than old King John. In all the pages of history, ancient or modern, there is not recorded an instance where a determinant majority of unrecognized persons ever asked for an extension of rights or privileges. "A volume would not contain the rec-

ord of instances in the world's history where an active, aggressive minority has demanded an extension of rights and privileges and received them. The whole story of the evolution of liberty is but an illustrated sequence of examples where the few have asked and the many received. To confine ourselves to our own country, we should never have had been necessary to have a majority of the colonists declare for it. The majority, and especially the wealthy people in colonial days, thought it better to endure the ills they had than to run the risk of others which they knew not of. At one time during the Revolutionary war there were twice as many Americans in arms against the cause of indeways claimed that they were in the only freeholders voted. Did the poor man unanimously petition for the franchise? Did the poor black man in the state of New York in 1846 unanimously or in any determinant majority petition for the franchise? Did Abraham Lincoln insist upon a majority petition from the slaves before signing the emancipation proclamation? Did the negroes in the south in the days of reconstruction circulate a petition to find out how many wanted to vote?

"If a majority test is to be required, the logic of the situation demands that it be a majority of citizens, both men and women. "-New York Tribune.

Piques and Cotton Canvas.

Judging from the quantities of pique displayed in the shops, it is to be a favorite material the coming summer. It is of lighter weight, not nearly so stiff as it used to be, and the different colorings are very attractive, the pale yellows, pinks and blues especially so, while there are dark blue striped with white and tan with a hairline of white which should make up very smartly. This is a fabric which is particularly pretty for children's wear, and in the coats and capes trimmed heavily with bands of openwork insertion is much better for summer than any silk could possibly be. For grown up people pique looks best made in a severe style, and a coat and jacket in tailor fashion are always satisfactory. There is a rumor, and one that seems to have more foundation in fact than most rumors, to the effect that the loose sack coat is to be made up in these piques. This is a style which requires great care in cut and make. When it is becoming, it is immensely so, but when it is not it is the very ugliest garment any one can wear. The gored skirts, made with the narrow gores, are to be fashionable for pique and such materials, each seam having For twenty years she has been afflicted a cording or piping, lines of braid or with the various forms of kidney com-

narrow and effective insertion. The canvas cloths are much on the order of ducks and come in a great variety of coloring. They wash well, do not shrink and are not so heavy or warm as the duck, and therefore preferred by many, but they have the disad- to be around for a spell. Some time ago vantage of mussing very easily. The reds, the tan, the blue and the black and white are particularly noticeable this year and should look very well made up in the tailor styles, and braiding is especially good on them; therefore it would be well for any woman who is clever with her needle to begin now and braid herself a smart Eton, bolero or any other short jacket, for she will certainly find it fashionable when the warm weather comes. Denim, which is very much on the same order -at least resembles it closely in appearance-will be worn in the braided costumes, and the plain blue linens will also be braided, so there is plenty of ings.—Harper's Bazar.

The Rainy Day Club. Mrs. Bertha Welby has good reason for calling the Rainy Day club "the

bem protecte cause, out in this the since such an important sform for women was intoduced as this of keeping their skirts out of the mud, and a club whose purpose is to make such a reform general may well be credited with being the most eminent organization of the kind known for a century. Mrs. Welby says that the club will do more for the health and happiness of women than any other club. She has received letters from women in every part of the United States and Canada, asking for information and desiring membership. The slight feeling of embarrassment that troubled some of the pioneers in the movement has disappeared, and women walk about in skirts of inane apology that when a majority of sensible length secure in the knowledge women want to vote the suffrage will | that they are admired for their common

At the meeting of the Rainy Day club in Brooklyn a few days ago most of those in attendance wore walking dresses of convenient height, although, as it was a fair day, it was not necessary to appear in the regular bad weather costume. Even on bright days it is well to dress comfortably, with the bottom of the dress at a safe distance from the dust of the ground, and the members of the club understand this perfectly. The prospects of the club are excellent. So soon as it is generally understood there will be thousands of women on its roll of membership, for rainy Creator with certain inalienable rights, and muddy days are as common in one city as another and in country places as well. Dame Fashion may have rebelled against the rainy day costume at ing that they are stylish as well as comfortable. - New York Press.

Lamp Shades and Sleeves.

Three years ago when women were back at 1830 in their sleeves-whatever they were in anything else-lamp shades aspired to rival them in their voluminousness and blossomed forth into veritable canopies, covered with elaborate confections of silk, lace and ribbon. Last year innumerable reefs had been taken in the still ample sleeves and lamp shades showed their desire to reef also. Empire shades, straight and severe, moderate in size and guiltless of fripperies, were all the rage. You could have them with their simple frames covered with various colored silks, gathered on and drawn tightly over them, finished top and bottom with a full ruche of the same silk or the same colored mousseline de seie, or you could have had a Decaration of Independence if it | them in parchment, decorated with old prints applied, outlined by dainty scrolls in water color, or you could have them decorated entirely in water color in any

design that most appealed to you. This year sleeves have shrunk to infinitesimal proportions and lamp shades were in despair. They could see no way for them to shrink. In affecting the style of the empire they had discounted pendence as there were in the American the sleeves' next stage of shrinkage. army. The loyalists in this country al- There was one awful moment when they feared they would have to acknowledge majority. In New York state originally | themselves out of it, when some one with a brilliant mind said "globes." And globes it is. They are the very latest and they are just as close a fit for lamps as the up to date sleeve is for women. - Chicago Chronicle.

> "I should be glad," wrote Mrs. Julia Ward Howe to some Chicago reformers the other day, "to join in any effort, made with wisdom and charity, to better this state of things, but the burden of years begins to weigh upon me and my powers, such as they remain, are heavily mortgaged."

> A sleeve that terminates at the wrist bone marks the gown to which it belongs as being a relic of last season, while a plain or low collar is equally reliable as an indication of antiquity.

> A blackboard is a most useful thing in a nursery. Children will find a constant source of amusement in drawing on it. It should not be too high, but be easily within their reach.

> The French women artists and sculptors are petitioning the School of Fine Arts for admission on the same terms

To Carry on an Almost Helpless Fight.

-At Last the Fight is Over. (From the Battle Creek Moon.) Our representative called at 26 Battle Creek Avenue, the residence of S. I. Robbins, and in an interview with him brought out the following facts: Mr. Robbins tells of his wife's experience in a manner that carries conviction with his words. He "I am sorry my wife is not at home this P. M., but no one knows better than I how she has suffered during past years. plaint and an enlargement of the liver. She was often confined to her bed for more than two weeks at a time suffering untold agony. She has doctored constantly, and I have paid out in doctors' bills for her alone as much as \$900.00, and then her relief was only such that she would be able she felt the symptoms of another attack coming on, such as a pain in through the kidneys and back. I hardly know what induced me to get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, instead of sending for the family physician; however, I got some and she commenced their use. It was a surprise to us both to see their action; the attack was warded off, and she continued taking them with marked improvement each day of their use. She is better now than she has been in years, the pain in the back and others in the kidneys have entirely gone. Hardly a day goes by that we do not men tion the great good Doan's Kidney Pills have done her. I was always opposed to patent medicines, but confess that my wife's experience with Donn's Kidney Pills has done much to change my opinfancy work for the long winter even-ings.—Harper's Bazar. ions. If it were not for those pills she would not have been able to be out this

afternoon. Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers—price, 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U.S. Remember the name, Doan's,

MORTGACE SALE, Whereas, default have M ing been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 15th day of March, A. D. 1892, made, executed and delivered by Samuel Impson and Margaret impson, his wife, Harrison Barber and Marcia Barber, his wife, of Almena, Michigan, to George E. Breck; which said mortgage was, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, Michigan, and by said register duly recorded in liber 38 of mortgages on page 520.

on page 520.
Which said mortgage was afterwards and on the Which said mortgage was afterwards and on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, by said George E. Breck duly assigned to Martha P. Cobb, and which said assignment was afterwards and on the 1st day of April, A. D. 1892, filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, Michigan, and by said register duly recorded in

ber 47 of mortgages on page 326.
On which said mortgage there is now claimed to e due at the date of this notice the sum of \$548.42 and the legal cost of this proceeding, and no suit at law or proceeding in squity having been institu-ted to recover said amount due on said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by

virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage and by the statutes in such cases made and provided, I shall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of November, shall, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of November, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the north front door of the court house for Van Buren county, Michigan, in the village of Paw Paw, Michigan, (that being the place for holding the circuit court for said county of Van Buren), sell to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due thereon and the legal costs of this proceeding and of said sale.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are known as those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the township of Almena, in the county of Van Buren, and state of Michigan, as follows:

The north-west quarter of the north-east quarter

The north-west quarter of the north-east quarter and the west half of the east half of the north-east quarter of section three (3), town two (2 south, of range thirteen (13) west, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belong-

Dated, this 3d day of August, A. D. 1897. MARTHA P. COBB.
Mortgagee by Assignment. E. A. & ROBERT B. CRANE, 1991802224] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 14th day of September, A. D. 1888, made and executed by John B. Syke and Elizabeth Syke, his wife, of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, to John Burnett of the same place, which mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Van Buren county, state of Michigan, on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1888, in liber 38 of mortgages on page 343, on which mortgage there is now due and unpaid the sum of eight hundred and forty-three and 15-100 dollars, and no suit or proceedings at law or in dollars, and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount now due and secured by said mortgage or any part

Therefore, notice is hereby given that on Thurs day, the 23d day of December, A. D. 1897, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the village of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, state of Michigan, that being the place of holding the circuit court in and for the said county of Van Buren) by virtue of the power of sale con-tained in said mortgage and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the amount due thereon as aforesaid, with interest Lereafter to accrue thereon and the costs and charges of such sale and the attorney fee provided by law, the premises described in said mortgage being as follows: That certain viece or parcel of land situate in the town-ship of Paw Paw in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: state of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit: commencing at the south-east corner of the north part of the west half (1/2) of the north-east quarter (1/4) of section fourteen (14), running thence north twenty-eight (28) rods, thence west eighty (80) rods, thence south twenty-eight (28) rods, thence east eighty [80] rods to the place of beginning, contain-ing fourteen acres of land, in township three [3] south, range fourteen (14) west. south, range fourteen [14] west.

Dated September 24, 1897. JOHN BURNETT, O. W. ROWLAND, Attorney for Mortgagee.

DROBATE ORDER .-- State of Michigan. County of Van Buren.—ss.

At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, holden at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Monday, the 18th day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Present, Hon. James H. Johnson, Judge of

Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah A. Cannon deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Archibald Lyle, administrator of the estate of said deceased, praying for reasons therein stated that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell the real estate in said petition described. Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 15th day of November, 1807, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all

persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be And it is further ordered that said petitioner

give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be pub-lished in the True Northerner, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for

JAMES H. JOHNSON.

PROBATE ORDER.-State of Michigan-At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, holden at the probate office in the vil-lage of Paw Paw, on Wednesday, the 13th day of October, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven Present, Hon. James H. Johnson, Judge of

Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary O. Whelpley, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition duly verified,
of Wm. Eugene Whelpley, son of said deceased, prayi g that a certain instrument in writing now on the in this court, purporting to be the last will and tes-tament of said deceased, may be proved, allowed and admitted to probate as such, and that administration of said estate may be granted to Arch. Lyle,

or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 15th day of November, 1897, at ten o'clock in the fore-noon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the TRUK NORTHERNER, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for three successive weeks at least previous to

for three successive said day of hearing.

JAMES H. JOHNSON,

Judge of Probate.

Circuit Court Terms,

STATE OF MICHIGAN. NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, (88. I hereby fix and appoint the times of holding the several terms of court within said judicial circuit, during the years 1898 and 1899, as follows:

VAN BUREN COUNTY. KALAMAZOO COUNTY. 3d Monday in January.
2d Monday in April.
2d Monday in September.
2d Monday in November.
2d Monday in December. Given under my hand this 11th day of October, GEO. M. BUCK.

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
these and beautifies the he
notes a luxuriant growth.
rer Pails to Restore Gr
ir to its Youthful Color
residence hair fellow

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route."

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME. TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JULY 4th, 1897. TRAINS GOING EAST FROM LAWTON.

Atlantic Express Chicago & Kalamazoo Accommodation 8 35 p m TRAINS GOING WEST FROM LAWTON. Chicago Night Express

Kalamazoo & Chicago Accommodation 6 50 a m

LEGAL NOTICES.

CHANCERY SALE.—In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the circuit court for the county of Van Buren in chancery, in the state of Michigan, made and dated on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1897, in a certain cause therein pending wherein Butler Brothers, a corporation, organized under and existing by virtue of the laws of the state of Illinois, is complainent, and Hattle B. Hight and Charles E. Hight are defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public anction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Paw Paw, county of Van Buren, state of Michigan, said court house being the place for holding the circuit court for said county] on Friday, the 12th day of November, A. D. 1897, at 190 clock in the forenoon of said day, all or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to the said complainant, for principal, interest and costs in said cause, of the following described lands and premises, viz:

All that parcel of land situated in the township of Antwerp, county of Van Buren, state of Michigan, and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of the north-east quarter [14] of section fifteen [15] town three south, range thirteen west, and running thence west twenty-five rods, thence the contract of the county-five rods.

and running thence west twenty-five rods, thence north sixty-four rods, thence east twenty-five rods, thence south sixty-four rods to the place of beginning and containing ten acres of land.

Dated, Paw Paw, Mich., September 24th 1897.

ORAN W. ROWLAND,

Circuit Court Commissioner in and for Van Buren County, Michigan. [19t7026] County, Michigan. [198 LINCOLN H. TITUS, Solicitor for Complainant.

MORTCAGE SALE. - Whereas default MORTCAGE SALE.—Whereas default having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 11th day of August, A. D. 1896, made, executed and delivered by Milan Wiggins and Marie F. Wiggins, his wife, of Bioomingdale, Michigan, to Edwin F. Abbott, which said mortgage was on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1896, filed for record in the office of of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, hichigan, and by said register duly recorded in liber 60 of mortgages, on page 342.

And whereas the said Edwin F. Abbott, afterwards and on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1896, sold, duly assigned and delivered said mortgage to Elizabeth B. Clark, which said assignment was

Elizabeth B. Clark, which said assignment was afterwards and on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1897, filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, Michigan, and by said register duly recorded in liber 58 of assign-

ments of mortgages, on page 502,

And whereas, by the terms and provisions of said mortgage it is agreed that, should default be made in the payment of the interest to become due thereon or any part thereof, on any date whereon the same was made payable therein, and should the same versals due to account of the same to the same of the same that the same to the sam was made payable therein, and should the same remain due, unpaid and in arrear for the space of thirty days, then and thenceforth, after the lapse of the said thirty days, the whole principal sum of said mortgage, at the option of said mortgagee or his assigns, might be declared to be due and payable immediately; and whereas seventy (\$40) dollars of the interest accrued on said mortgage and was due and payable thereon by the terms thereof on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1897, and said amount still remains due, unpaid and in arrear and more than hirty days have elapsed since the same so became due, payable and in arrear, the said Elizabeth B Clark, the owner of said mortgage, has elected to declare and has and goes declare the whole amount of said mortgage with the accrued interest, to be due and payable immediately. At the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage one thousand seventy-eight dollars and thirty-two cents \$1078.32) and no suit at law or proceedings in chancery having been instituted to recover the amount due on said mortgage or any

art thereof. Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage con-tained, and of the statutes in such cases made and provided, I shall, on Saturday, the eighteenth day of Pecember, A. D. 186, at ten o'clock in the fore-noon, at the north front door of the court house for Van Buren county, Michigan, in the village of Paw Paw, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the circuit court for said county of Van Buren), sell to the highest bidder the premof van Buren), seif to the highest oldder the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due thereon, and the legal costs of this proceeding and of said sale. The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are all those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the town of Columbia in the country of Van Buren and tasted. Columbia, in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, and described as follows, to-wit:

The south half of the south-west quarter and the south half of the north-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section twenty-three (23) in town one 1) south, of range fifteen (15) west, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Dated this 21st day of September, A. D. 18 ELIZABETH B. CLARK,

Mortgagee by Assignment. E. A. & ROBERT B. CRANE. Attorneys for Mortgagee by assignment, Chase Block, Kalamazoo, Michigan,

MORTCAGE SALE. Default having been made and executed by John M. Dodge and Calista, his wife, of Waverly, Michigan, to Benjamin F. Heckert of Paw Paw, Michigan, bearing date June 28, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Van Buren in said state, on the same day, in liber 50 of mortgages on page 158, by which default the power of sale in said mortgage contained has become operative, and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, which at this date amounts to the sum of seven hundred and forty-five dollars and

thirty-seven cents.
Notice is therefore hereby given that on Saturday the thirteenth day of November, 1897, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in the village of Paw Paw in said county and state. I will sell at public arction to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount then due thereon with the costs and expen-ses of such sale as allowed by law, which said premises are described as follows: The north half of the west half of the south-west

quarter of section five (5) town two (2) south, of range fourteen (14) west, in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, excepting therefrom eighteen acres off of the north side thereof, heretofore released from said mortgage. Dated August 17, 1897.

BENJAMIN F. HECKERT. O. W ROWLAND. Attorney for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE. - Whereas, default has MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the payment of a portion of the moneys secured by a real estate mortgage, dated the 18th day of July, A. D. 1895, executed by Owen McElroy and Maggie McElroy, his wife, of Pine Grove, Van Buren county, Michigan, to Trustees of Mountain Home Cemetery of Kalamazoo, Michigan, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Van Buren, in liber 43 of mortgages on pages 466 and 467, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1895, at four [4] o'clock p. m., which said mortgage provided that should any default be made in the payment of the interest on said indebtedness or of any part thereof, or of any payment of principal or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same was made payable, as expressed in said mortgage, and should the same remain unpaid and in arrears for the space of thirty days, then and from thenceforth, that is to say, after the lapse of the said thirty days, so much of the principal sum of five hundred dollars [\$500] as remained unpaid, with all arrearage of interest thereon the said of the second was transported. principal sum of five hundred dollars [\$506] as remained unpaid, with all arrearage of interest thereon, should, at the option of the second party named in said mortgage, become due and payable immediately thereafter. The payments of interest on said five hundred dollars, due December 1st, 1895, and December 1st, 1895, have become due and remained wholly unpaid and in arrears for more than thirty days prior to the date of this notice, and two payments of principal, namely, the twenty-five dollar [\$25] payment on the principal becoming due May 1st, 1896, and the twenty-five dollar [\$25] payment becoming due May 1st, 1897, have become due and remained in arrears and wholly unpaid for more than thirty days prior to the date of this notice, and the undersigned mortgagee has exercised its option and remained in arrears and wholly unpaid for more than thirty days prior to the date of this notice, and the undersigned mortgagee has exercised its option to have the whole of the principal and all arrears of interest on said mortgage, fall due immediately, because of the aforesaid defaults in the payment of principal and interest as provided in said mortgage, whereby said mortgagee claims that there is due and owing at this date upon said mortgage the sum of five hundred and seventy-eight dollars and sixty cents [\$578.60] principal and interest, and the further sum of twenty-five dollars [\$25] as an attorney fee stipulated for in said mortgage, in case of proceedings to foreclose, and which sums constitute the whole amount claimed to be due and unpaid on said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding either in law or in equity having been commenced to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and the power of sale contained in said mortgage has, by reason of the facts above stated and existing, become operative.

Now, therefore, notice is given that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the north front in the said contained to the proper sale contained at the part of the premises therein described, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the north front.

and provided, the sald mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, at pub-lic auction, to the highest bidder, at the north front door of the court house, in the village of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the circuit court within the said county of Van buren, on Saturday, the 18th day of Decem-ber, A. D. 1897, at nine [9] o'clock in the forenoon of said day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and

mortgage as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the town of Pine Grove, in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, and described as follows, to wit: The north-east quarter of the south-east quarter, lexcept one acre out of the south-east corner, used for school house), on section number thirty-two (32) in township number one (1) south, of range thirteen (13) west.

Dated September 14th, A. D. 1897.

TRUSTEES OF MOUNTAIN HOME CEMETERY, 1813-330]

LEGAL NOTICES.

MORTCAGE SAIE. — Whereas, default
M having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated the 22d day of
October, A. D. 1888, made and executed by George
W. Powers and Marths J. Powers, his wife, of
Waverly, Van Buren county, Michigan, to John
den Bleyker, executor of last will and testament of
Palms den Bleyker, decessed, of Kalamazoo, Michigan, which mortgage was recorded in the office of
the register of deeds of Van Buren county, state of
Michigan, on the 23d day of October, A. D. 1888, in
liber 3v of mortgages on page 518, on which mortgage there is now due and unpaid the sum of seven
Enudred and fifty-three and 89-110 dollars, and no
suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been
instituted to recover the amount now due and
secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that on
Thursday, the 2d day of December, A. D. 1897, at
one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of
the court house, in the village of Paw Paw, Van
Buren county and state of Michigan, (that being
the place of holding the circuit court in and for the
said county of Van Buren), by virtue of the power
of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided,
there will be sold at public auction to the highest
bidder the premises described in said mortgage or
so much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the
amount due thereon as aforesaid, with interest hereafter to accrue thereon, and the costs and charges
of such sale and the attorney fee provided
by law, the premises described in said mortgage being as follows: The north-east quarter
of the north-west quarter of section twenty-two (22)
in township two (2) south, of range fourteen (14)
west, in Van Buren county, state of Michigan.

Dated September 3 A. D. 1897,
16t13o28)

Executor of Mortgagee.

Wm. H. Mason, Att'y for Mortgagee. MORTGAGE SAI E. - Whereas, default

MORTGAGE SALE. — Whereas, default M having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 26th day of January, A. D. 1888, made, executed and delivered by Hugh B. Rorke and Nellie E. Rorke, his wife, of Arlington, Van Buren county, Michigan, to George E. Breck, of Paw Paw, Michigan, which said mortgage was, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1888, filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, Michigan, and by said register duly recorded in liber 39 of mortgages on page 480; and which said mortgage was afterwards and on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1888, by said George E. Breck, duly assigned to the trustees of Mountain Home Cometery, a corporation, located at Kalamazoo, Michigan, which said assignment was on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1888, filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for Van Buren county, Michigan, and by said register duly recorded in liber 39 of mortgages on page 266; on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of nine hunded form deliers and sixteen cents (8940.16) and the legal

WM. H. Mason, Att'y for Mortgagee.

which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred forty dollars and sixteen cents (\$940.16) and the legal costs of this proceeding, and no suit at law or pro-ceedings in equity having been instituted to recover the amount due on said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage con-tained and the statutes in such cases made and pro-vided, we shall, on Saturday, the 30th day of October, a. D. 1997, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the vided, we shall, on Saturday, the 30th day of October,
A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the
north front door of the court house in the village
of Paw Paw, Van Buren County, Michigan, (that
being the place where the circuit court for the
county of Van Buren is held,) sell to the highest
bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or
so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the
amount then due thereon with the legal costs of this
proceeding and of said sale.

proceeding and of said sale.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are known and described as all that certain piece or parcel of land lying and situate in the township of Arlington, county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, known and described as follows,

to-wit:

The north-east quarter [%] of the north-west quarter (%) of section fifteen [15], town two (2) south, of range fifteen (15) west, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertain ng.
Dated this 27th day of July, A. D. 1897.
THE TRUSTEES OF MOUNTAIN HOME CEM-

Mortgagee by Assignment. E. A. & ROBERT B. CRANE, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Preamble and Resolution. TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

To ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Whereas, written application and petitions addressed to the board of supervisors of the county of Van Buren, have been received by the clerk of said county and filed in his office, praying that an election be held in and for said county of Van Buren, under the provisions of Act No. 207 of the Public Acts of 1889, approved June 29, 1889, and the Acts amendatory thereto to ascertain the will of o, to ascertain the will of the qualified electors of said county, and whether or not the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic should be prohibited within the bounds of said county, and whether or not the action and said county, and whether or not the action and proceedings heretofore taken in said county to prohibit and by which the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic has been and is prohibited within said county, under and by virtue of said Act No. 207 and the Acts amendatory thereto, should not be repealed.

Whereas, at a session of the board of supervisions of the said county due to the board of supervisions of the said county due to the said t

ors of said county, duly called for that purpose, and held at the village of Paw Paw, in said county, on the 14th and 15th days of September, A. D. on the 14th and 15th days of September, A. D. 1807, the said peritions were duly examined, and Whereas, upon such examination it was determined and declared by a resolution adopted by said board that such election has been prayed for by the requisite number of electors to-wit: by not less than one-fourth of all the qualified electors of said county, as shown by the transcripts of the poll lists of the last preceeding general election for state officers held in said county, and the affidavits accompanying said petitions and as shown by reference to the returns and county canvass of the last preceeding general election for said officers held in said county canvass of the last preceeding general election for said officers held in said county:

election for said officers held in said county; Whereas more than two years have elapsed since said proposition has been submitted to and decided by the votes of the qualified electors of said county, under and by virtue of said Act 207, of the Public Acts of 1889, aforesaid, and all Acts

amendatory thereto; Now, therefore, it is ordered and directed by the Now, therefore, it is ordered and directed by the board of supervisors of said county of Van Buren, that an election be and the same is hereby called in the several townships and precincts in said county, pursuant to the provisions of the aforenamed act, and the amendments thereto, to ascertain the will of the electors of said county, whether or not the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic should be prohibited within the limits of said county, and whether or not the action and proceedings heretofore taken in said county to prohibit, and by which the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic has been and is prohibited within said county, under and by virtue of said Act and the amendments thereto, should not be repealed.

Act and the amendments thereto, should not be repealed.

And it is further ordered that said election, as above directed, shall be held on Monday, the first day of November, A. D. 1897; that said election shall be by ballot, and that the ballots shall be in two forms, one of which shall contain the words "Should the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic be prohibited within the county? Yes," and the other form shall be. "Should the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic be prohibited within the county? No." That every ballot on which the word "Yes" is found, shall be counted in the affirmative of said proposition, and every ballot on which the word "No" is found shall be counted in the negative of said proposition.

That under the provisions of the aforesaid Act, and the amendments thereto, all persons entitled to vote shall be deemed qualifieed to vote at the

said election.

That the registration of the qualified electors, the hours for opening and closing the polls, the manner of voting and of holding and conducting said election, under the provisions of the aforesaid Act, and the amendments thereto, and the powers and duties of the boards of registration, of inspectors of election, township boards and all other officers with reference to said election, shall be the same in every respect as in the case of a general election, and that the laws of the state pertaining to the registration and qualifications of electors, the disposition of the ballots, the canvass of the votes and declaring the result thereof, at a general election, shall be observed and enforced at said election, so far as the same shall be applicable. applicable.

Attest: - J. S. Buck, Clerk.
Dated September 15, A. D. 1897.

COUNTY OF VAN BUREN, (SE.
I. I. S. Buck, county clerk of the county of Van
Buren, do hereby certify that the above and fore L. I. S. Buck, county clerk of the county of Van Buren, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct transcript, compared by me, from the original record of the order made by the board of supervisors of said county, calling a special election in and for said county, calling a special election in and for said county of Van Buren, under the provisions of Act No. 207, of the Public Acts of the state of Michigan for the year A. D. 1889, approved June 29, A. D. 1889, and the Acts amendatory thereto, for the purpose of ascertaining the will of the qualified electors of said county, whether or not the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic should be prohibited within the limits of said county, and whether or not the actions and proceedings heretofore taken in said county to prohibit, and by which the manufacture of liquors and the liquor traffic has been and is prohibited within said county, under and by virtue of said Act No. 207 and the Acts amendatory thereto, should not be repealed, and of the whole of such original, as entered in the journal of the proceedings of said board of supervisors at their meeting of September 15th, A. D. 1897.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the seal of the circuit court of said county, at the village of Paw Paw, in said county, this 13th day of September, A. D. 1897.

[SEAL]